

#### **Evaluation of Diagnostic Tests Used for Detection of Bovine** Viral Diarrhea Virus and Prevalence of BVDV Subtypes 1a,1b, and 2a in Persistently Infected Cattle Entering a **Feedlot**

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### Investigators

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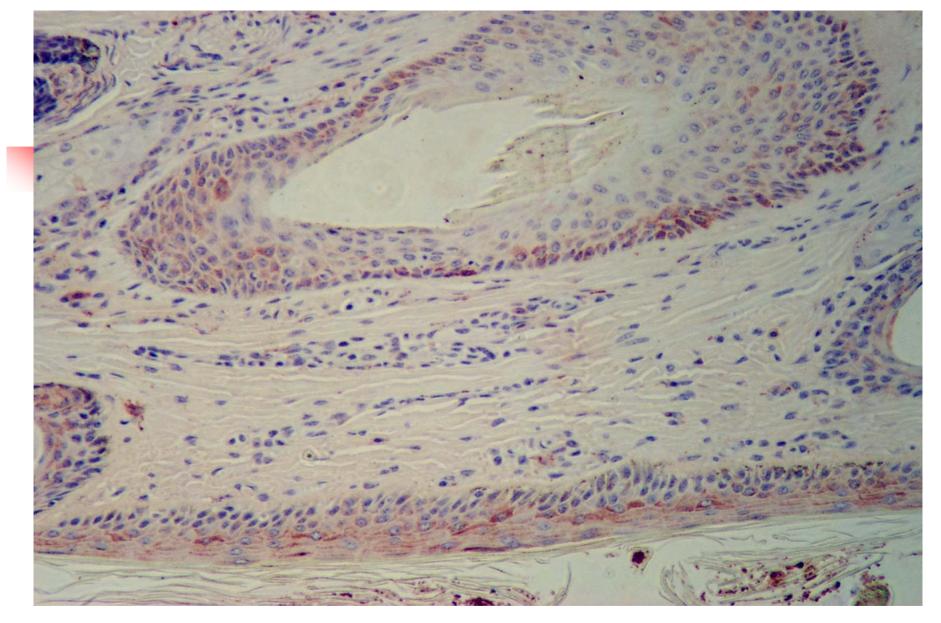
- Feedlot collections: July-December 2004
- 21,743 cattle entering feedlot
- Initial collection: Fresh ear notch in PBS
- Initial test: Antigen capture ELISA (ACE) at veterinary clinic
- Subsequent collections for confirmation at OSU CVHS

## Subsequent collection on ACE positives on initial test

- All initial collections of ACE + were repeated: >90% within 48 hours after initial test
- Second fresh ear notch in PBS for ACE
- Formalin notch for IHC
- Serums and nasal swabs for PCR and virus isolation and titration
- Subtyping for BVDV 1a,1b,2a,and 2b

## Results of Second (Confirmatory Testing)

- 86/88 were ACE positive and 2 were ACE negative, IHC neg, VI neg
- 86/86 ACE positives also IHC positive
- 86/86 ACE+ and IHC+= Viral isolation+ and PCR + on serum
- The two ACE+ on initial test and ACE/IHC/VI negative on second test were potential false positive for PI
- $\bullet$  86 of 21,743 = PI (0.4%)



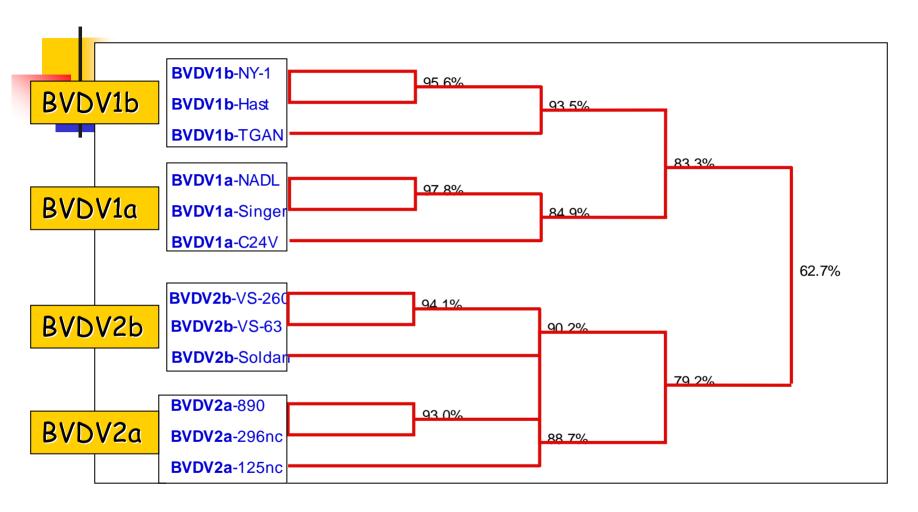
Positive IHC BVDV ear notch from PI calf: OADDL Dr. Bill Johnson: Feedyard Calf



## Predictive value of positive ACE test on ear notch at processing

- 86 of 88 initial ACE positive = PI
- 97.7 % considered as PI using additional tests

#### BVDV Subgenotypes



## BVDV subtypes in US vaccines

- BVDV1a CP
- BVDV1 NCP
- BVDV2a CP
- BVDV1a NCP
- BVDV 1 not specified



## Distribution of BVDV subtypes in diagnostic lab cases

- BVDV1a 37/131 (28.2%)
- BVDV2a 34/131 (26.0%)
- BVDV1b 60/131 (45.8%)

Veterinary Microbiology (2005), 111,pp 35-40

# Distribution of BVDV subtypes in PI cattle entering the feedlot: 2004 current study

BVDV 1a: 10/86 (11.6%)

■ BVDV 2a: 9/86 (10.5%)

BVDV 1b: 67/86 (77.9%)

# Distribution of BVDV subtypes in PI cattle entering the feedlot: 2005-2006 follow up to current study

- Kansas feedlot
  - BVDV 2a: 10/78(12.8%)
  - BVDV 1a: 8/78 (10.3%)
  - BVDV 1b: 60/78 (76.9%)
- Clayton NMSU study
  - BVDV 1a: 3/17 (17.6%)
  - BVDV 1b: 14/17 (82.4%)

#### Order buyer location and PI pens

State	No.	PI	%PI	PI pens	PI pen rate
Arkansas	403	8	2.0%	3/4	75.0%
N.Carolina	851	4	0.47%	4/11	36.4%
Florida	1930	3	0.16%	3/18	16.7%
Kentucky	415	1	0.24%	1/4	25.0%
Missouri	1323	2	0.15%	2/15	13.3%
Mississippi	756	1	0.13%	1/8	12.5%
Oklahoma	8184	42	0.51%	36/88	40.9%
Tennessee	1227	7	0.57%	7/14	50.0%
Texas	5691	15	0.26%	15/67	22.4%
Virginia	963	3	0.31%	2/11	18.2%
Total	21,743	86	0.40%	74/240	30.8%

### Individual order buyer: PI

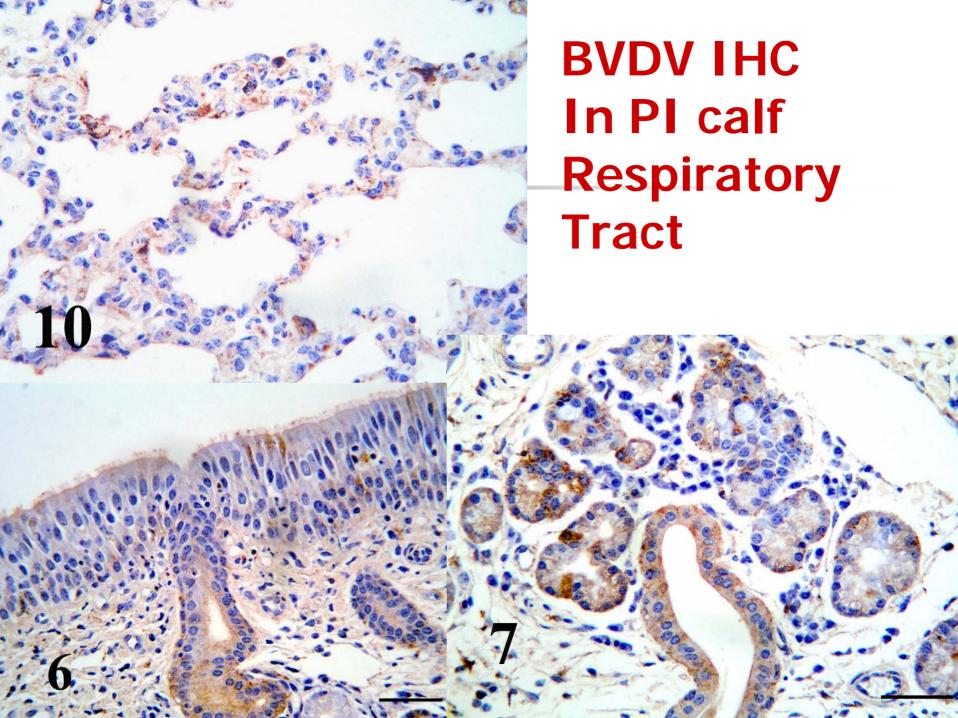
Buyer	State	No.	PI	%PI	PI pens	PI pen rate
1	FL	1604	2	0.12%	2/15	13.3%
2	FL	326	1	0.31%	1/3	33.3%
3	TN	1227	7	0.57%	7/14	50.0%
4	NC	850	4	0.47%	4/11	36.4%
5	VA	277	2	0.72%	1/3	33.3%
6	VA	686	1	0.15%	1/8	12.5%
7	KY	314	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
8	KY	102	1	0.98%	1/1	100.0%
9	MS	756	1	0.13%	1/8	12.5%

### Individual order buyer: PI

Buyer	State	No.	PI	%PI	PI pens	PI pen rate
10	МО	1323	2	0.15%	2/15	13.3%
11	Ark	403	8	2.0%	3/4	75.0%
12	TEX	3698	12	0.33%	12/45	26.7%
13	TEX	1575	1	0.06%	1/17	5.9%
14	TEX	427	2	0.47%	2/5	40.0%
15	ОК	7480	38	0.51%	32/80	40.0%
16	ОК	221	1	0.45%	1/2	50.0%
17	ОК	100	1	1.0%	1/1	100.0%
18	ОК	383	2	0.52%	2/5	40.0%

## Viral Titers in Serums and Nasal Swabs from PI Calves

Calf no.	Sample	Viral titer/ml
4276	serum	4 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	nasal swab	1.4 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
4061	serum	2.2 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	nasal swab	4.5 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
13984	serum	2.2 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
	nasal swab	4.5 x 10 <sup>4</sup>



### Diagnostic Tests for BVDV

- IHC on ear notches : formalin notch
- Antigen capture ELISA (ACE): PBS fresh notch
- ACE on serum
- PCR on serum
- PCR on fresh notch in PBS
- PCR on whole blood
- Viral isolaton (VI) on serum/whole blood



### Diagnostic Tests for BVDV

- IHC on ear notches : formalin
- Antigen capture ELISA (ACE): PBS notch

 These two tests less likely to get positive result with acute infection or MLV vaccination

# Diagnostic Tests for BVDV detection for feedlot, stocker, and breeding herd

- Antigen capture ELISA (ACE): PBS notch
  - Isolate and Retest calf
  - Potential false positive for PI status
    - OD readings positive but very close to positive should be retested

## Diagnostic Tests for BVDV detection

- ACE on serum
- PCR on serum
- PCR on whole blood
- Viral isolaton (VI) on serum/whole blood

 These tests could/will give positive result for some acute infections or MLV vaccinates

#### **OSU Experiences with Tests**

- ACE on PBS notches
  - PI positives (with confirming tests; IHC and VI) have stayed positive on repeated tests
  - Have not found ACE + notch in acute infections
- Occasional ACE PBS notch + will be IHC negative: False positive, thus repeat
- PCR on Ear notches
  - Some PI calves: PCR negative in fresh notches
  - Acutely infected BVDV calves can be PCR postive in serum
  - Dilutions of 1:2, 1:5, and 1:10 of one positive in PBS



- Evaluation of management options for BVDV test positive cattle: stockers and feedlots
- Examination of additional tests
- Evaluation of BVDV vaccine responses to cattle exposed to PI cattle
- Focusing on breeding herd testing as goal
- Stressing animal ID to assist breeding herd decisions/biosecurity/vaccinations





Which animal(s) is/are persistently infected with Bovine Viral Diarrhea Virus ?